

NORONHA ADVOGADOS

BRAZIL'S GLOBAL LAWYERS

São Paulo | Rio de Janeiro | Brasília | Curitiba | Porto Alegre | Recife | Belo Horizonte



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THE BRAZILIAN LEGAL SYSTEM: AN OVERVIEW

Presentation made for the Chinese delegation

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THE BRAZILIAN LEGAL SYSTEM: AN OVERVIEW

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ORIGIN OF THE BRAZILIAN LEGAL SYSTEM

<u>LAW FIELDS</u>	<u>ORIGIN</u>
Constitution	Portugal – Italy
Commercial + Civil + Corporate	France
Civil Procedure + Criminal Procedure	Germany
Labour + Criminal	Italy
Competition Law + Insurance+ Bankruptcy	United States of America
Consumer Law	EU

UPDATE OF THE LEGAL FRAMEWORK IN BRAZIL - I

<u>LAW</u>	<u>ADMISSION EFFECT</u>
Constitution	1988
Code of Consumer's Defence	1990
Franchising	1994
Trade Remedies` law	1994
Intellectual Property	1996
Arbitration	1996
Public Bids + Contracts	1998
Sports Law	1998

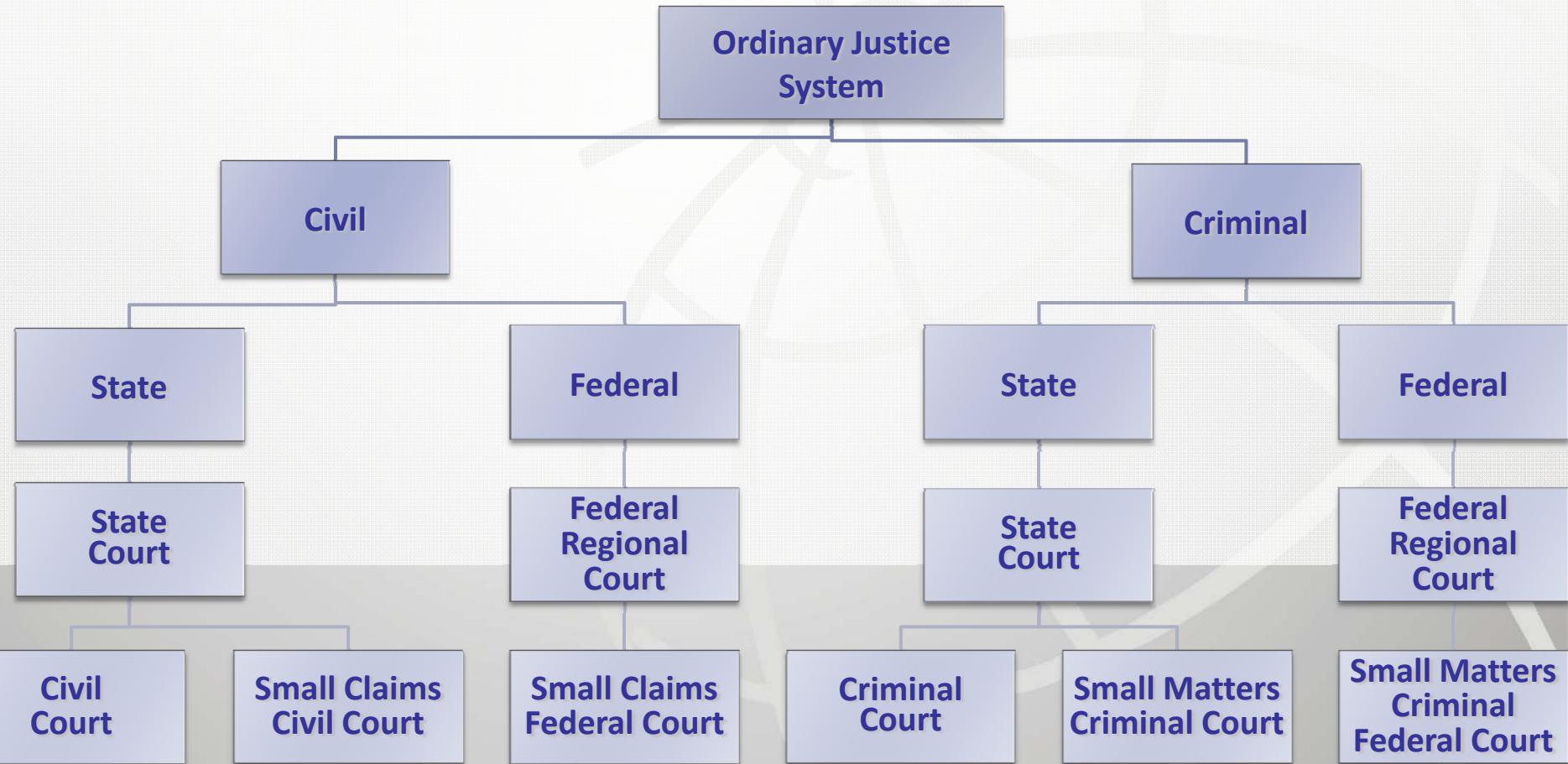
UPDATE OF THE LEGAL FRAMEWORK IN BRAZIL - II

<u>LAW</u>	<u>ADMISSION EFFECT</u>
Anti-trust + Competition Law	2000
Corporate Law	2001
Civil Code	2003
Reform of the Judiciary – “Brazilian National Council of Justice”	2004
Bankruptcy Law	2005
Reform of the Penal Code	2005
Reform of the Code of Civil Procedure	2006
Reform of the Code of Criminal Procedure	2008

THE BRAZILIAN CONSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

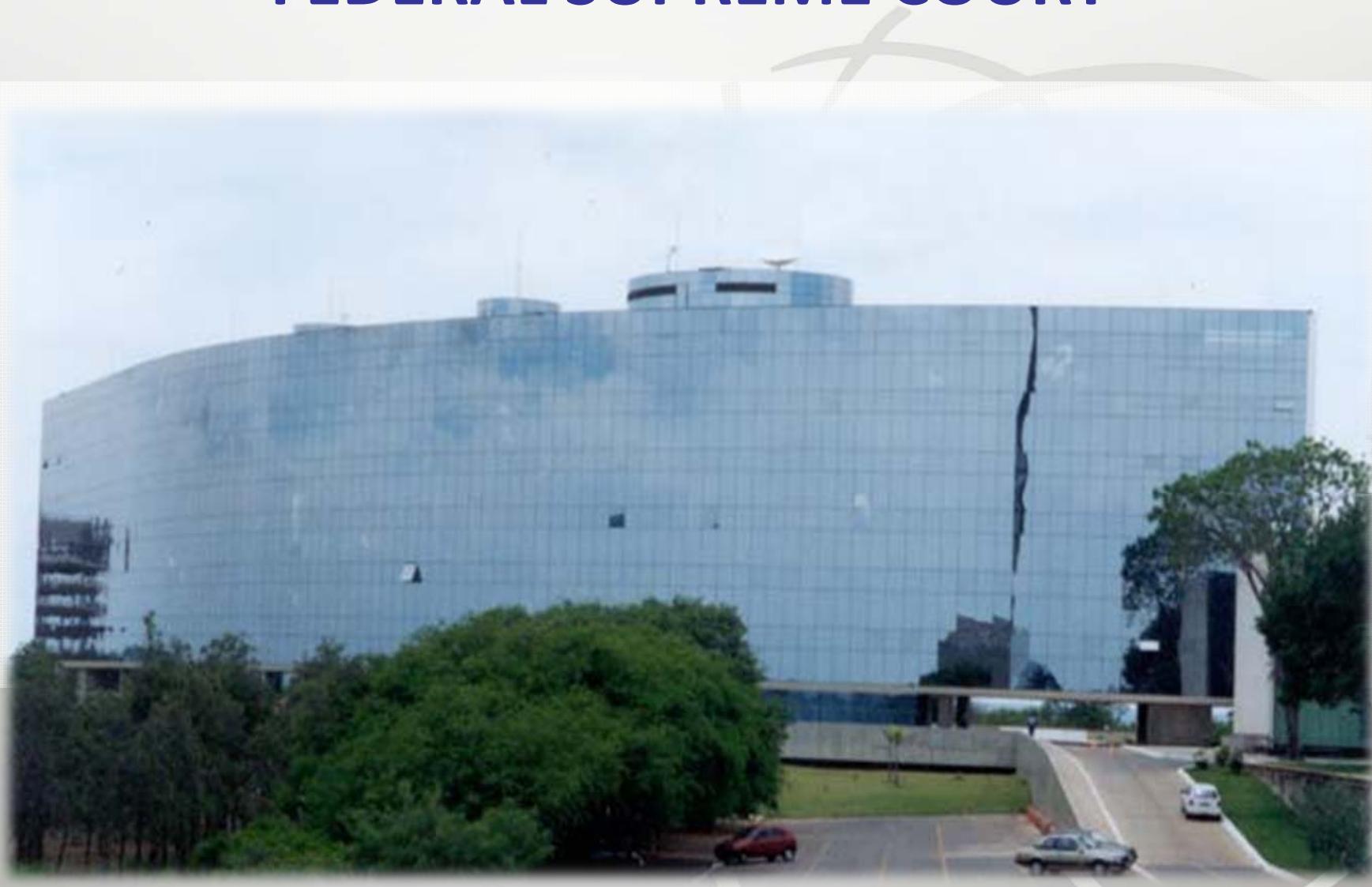
BRAZILIAN JUDICIARY

HIGHER COURTS



STF

FEDERAL SUPREME COURT



STJ

SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE



TST SUPERIOR LABOUR COURT



TRT
2ND INSTANCE - SÃO PAULO



GENERAL OVERVIEW:

LABOUR RIGHTS IN THE BRAZILIAN FEDERAL CONSTITUTION

The Brazilian Federal Constitution guarantees to all workers:

- protection against arbitrary dismissal;
- national uniform minimum wage;
- unemployment benefit;
- maternity and paternity leaves; and
- occupational accident insurance.

LABOUR LAW

1. CONSTITUTION OF 1988

- Minimum Wage (today – R\$ 465,00)
- Maximum duration of the day's work
8 hours per day
44 hours per week
- Overtime Pay: + 50%
- Annual Vacation: + 1/3
- Mandatory Fund for Unemployment Benefit (FGTS): 8,5%



2. LABOUR CODE

- National Institute of Social Security (INSS) : 8% - 11%

TYPES OF COMPANIES - I

1. S.A.

- share capital
- public
- closed
- always nominatives shares
- ordinary or preferred

1.1. Shareholders' Agreement

- specific performance

1.2. Meetings

- Ordinary or Extraordinary

1.3. Managements

- Board of Administrators (public and authorized capital)
- Board of Directors

1.4. The S.A. favoured for joint - ventures.



TYPES OF COMPANIES - II

2. LTD.

- 2.1. Social Contract**
- 2.2. Quotaholders**
- 2.3. Responsibility**
- 2.4. Administrations by partners or non-partners**

3. Consortia.

- 3.1. Contractual nature.**



FOREIGN CAPITAL

1. There are no exchange controls in Brazil.
2. The Central Bank of Brazil.
3. Restrictions to foreign capital.
 - 3.1. Restrictions to official credit.
 - 3.2. Restrictions to real state in the frontiers.
 - 3.3. Restrictions to communications companies.



LITIGATION

NATURE OF THE CASES



Administrative and Public Law	29%
Civil	16%
Labour Matters	16%
Tax Matters	14%
Criminal Law	13%
Consumer Law	4%
Others	8%

BRAZIL: NEW JUDICIAL CASES PER YEAR

State Circuit

17 million

Labour Circuit

3 million

Federal Circuit

1 million

TOTAL

21 million



BRAZIL: NUMBER OF JUDGES

State Circuit	11.118
Labour Circuit	3.085
Federal Circuit	1.447
<u>TOTAL</u>	15.650



BRAZIL: NEW JUDICIAL CASES PER JUDGE PER YEAR

Federal Circuit

14 thousand

State Circuit

8 thousand

Labour Circuit

8 thousand



MINISTRY OF JUSTICE - I

ROLES:

- to defend the legal system, political rights and constitutional guarantees;
- National Security: Federal Police;
- to defend the National Economy: financial crimes and consumer rights;
- administration of the national prison system;
- dealing with nationality and immigration issues;
- etc.



MINISTRY OF JUSTICE - II

ORGANIZATION FRAMEWORK

- Minister: Mr. Tarso Genro
- Direct Assistance Agencies (Headquarter office, Amnesty Committee, Legal Assistance and Executive Secretary);
- Singular Agencies (Public Legal Aid, Federal Police Department, Federal Highway Police, National Penitentiary Department, Legal Matters Secretary, Economic Law Secretary, Judiciary Reform Secretary, National Justice Secretary and National Public Security Secretary);
- Collegiate Agencies (Federal Managing of Natural Rights Defense Council– “CFDD”; National Piracy And Intellectual Property Control Council– “CNCP”; National Criminal and Penitentiary Policies Council– “CNCP”; and National Public Security Council – “Conasp”); and
- Related Entities (Autarchy: Administrative Concil of Economic Defense – “CADE” and Indigenous National Foundation – “FUNAI”).

AGU

ADVOCACY OF THE FEDERAL UNION

ROLES:

- Advising the President, as well as the members of the Executive branch, the federal agencies and public foundations;
- Mediate conflicts involving federal public entities;
- Defend all Federal entities in litigation in which the Federal Union is a part.



ATTORNEY GENERAL

ROLES:

- to defend social and individual rights, for example, the right to life, liberty and health;
- ensure the compliance with Brazilian law as well as international treaties signed by Brazil;
- etc.



BRAZILIAN BAR ASSOCIATION - OAB

ROLES:

- Defend the Constitution; the democratic state of justice; human rights; social justice; the prevalence of law; the efficient working of the Courts.
- Promoting law practice, selection and regulation of lawyers.
- Brazil has today approximately 600,000 lawyers.



SOME RELEVANT BI-LATERAL BETWEEN BRAZIL AND CHINA

1984	Commercial Agreement
1984	Steel Industry Co-operation
1990	Industrial Technology Co-operation
1992	Technological and Scientific Co-operation
2004	Concession of Visa for Executives
2007	Implementation of Infrastructure in the Construction Sector Co-operation
2007	Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters Treaty
2009	Energy and Mining Co-operation

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THANK YOU !



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